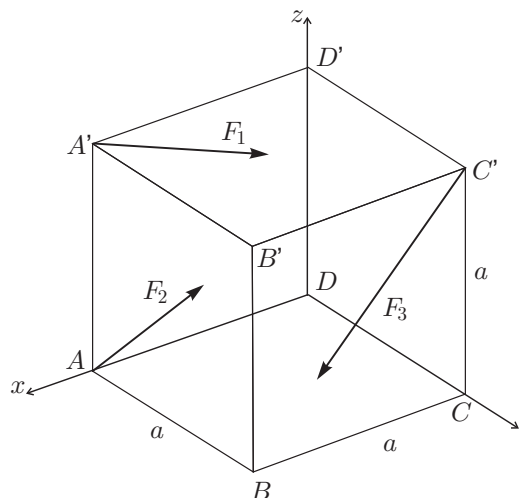


naloga	točk
1	
2	
3	
4	

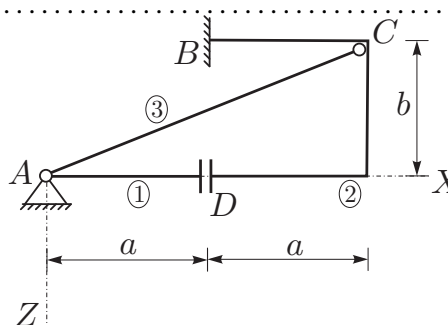
Ime in priimek:

1. Prostorski sistem treh sil deluje na togo kocko z robom $a = 2$ m, kot kaže slika. Prijemališče sile F_1 leži na premici skozi točki A' in C' . Smernica sile F_2 poteka skozi točki A in B' , smernica sile F_3 pa skozi točki B in C' . Določi rezultanto sil in rezultanto momentov na točki D in C' ! Ali lahko dani sistem sil nadomestimo z eno samo silo? Odgovor utemelji!

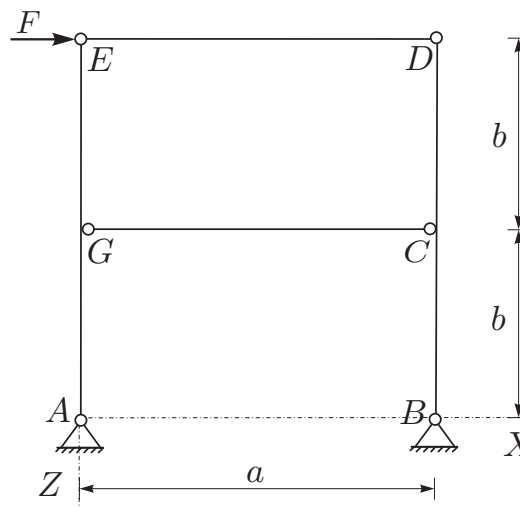
Podatki: $F_1 = 10$ kN, $F_2 = 20$ kN, $F_3 = 30$ kN.



2. Za konstrukcijo na sliki določi računsko število prostostnih stopenj in zapiši kinematične enačbe!

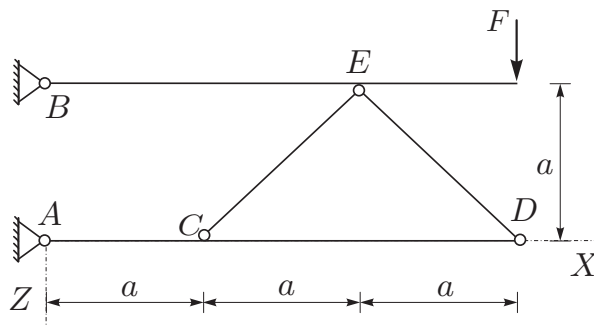


3. Za konstrukcijo na sliki določi računsko število prostostnih stopenj in z uporabo ravnotežnih enačb preveri, če se dejansko število prostostnih stopenj ujema z računskim!



4. Za konstrukcijo na sliki določi računsko število prostostnih stopenj, reakcije in sile v vezeh!

Podatki: $a = 2$ m, $F = 10$ kN.



OSD 1. KOLOKVIJ

1. NALOGA

$$\vec{F}_1 = F_1 \cdot \vec{e}_{A'C'} = F_1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-1, 1, 0) = (-5\sqrt{2}, 5\sqrt{2}, 0) \text{ [kN]}$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = F_2 \cdot \vec{e}_{AB'} = F_2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (0, 1, 1) = (0, 10\sqrt{2}, 10\sqrt{2}) \text{ [kN]}$$

$$\vec{F}_3 = F_3 \cdot \vec{e}_{C'B} = F_3 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (1, 0, -1) = (15\sqrt{2}, 0, -15\sqrt{2}) \text{ [kN]}$$

$$\vec{R} = (10\sqrt{2}, 15\sqrt{2}, -5\sqrt{2})$$

$$a.) \left. \begin{aligned} \vec{M}_1 &= (2, 0, 2) \times \vec{F}_1 = (-10\sqrt{2}, -10\sqrt{2}, 10\sqrt{2}) \text{ [kNm]} \\ \vec{M}_2 &= (2, 0, 0) \times \vec{F}_2 = (0, -20\sqrt{2}, 20\sqrt{2}) \text{ [kNm]} \\ \vec{M}_3 &= (0, 2, 2) \times \vec{F}_3 = (-30\sqrt{2}, 30\sqrt{2}, -30\sqrt{2}) \text{ [kNm]} \end{aligned} \right\} \vec{M}_R^D = (-40\sqrt{2}, 0, 0) \text{ [kNm]}$$

$$b.) \left. \begin{aligned} \vec{M}_1 &= \vec{M}_3 = \vec{0} \\ \vec{M}_2^{C'} &= \vec{CA} \times \vec{F}_2 = (2, -2, -2) \times \vec{F}_2 = (0, -20\sqrt{2}, 20\sqrt{2}) \end{aligned} \right\} \vec{M}_R^{C'} = (0, -20\sqrt{2}, 20\sqrt{2}) \text{ [kNm]}$$

c) $\vec{R} \cdot \vec{M}_R^D \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ NI MOGOĆE

2. NALOGA

$$\tilde{m}_{PB} = 3 \cdot 3 - 2 - 3 - 2 - 2 - 2 = -2$$

PODPORE:

$$A: \begin{aligned} u_{A1} &= 0 & u_{A3} &= 0 \\ w_{A1} &= 0 & w_{A3} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$B: \begin{aligned} u_{B2} &= 0 \\ w_{B2} &= 0 \\ \varphi_{B2} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

VEZI

$$A: \begin{aligned} u_{A1} &= u_{A3} \\ w_{A1} &= w_{A3} \end{aligned} \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{ODVISNI} \\ \text{ENAEBI} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$C: \begin{aligned} u_{C2} &= u_{C3} \\ w_{C2} &= w_{C3} \end{aligned}$$

$$D: \begin{aligned} u_{D1} &= u_{D2} \\ \varphi_{D1} &= \varphi_{D2} \end{aligned}$$

TELESA

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{aligned} u_{D1} &= u_{A1} \\ w_{D1} &= w_{A1} - a\varphi_{A1} \\ \varphi_{D1} &= \varphi_{A1} \end{aligned}$$

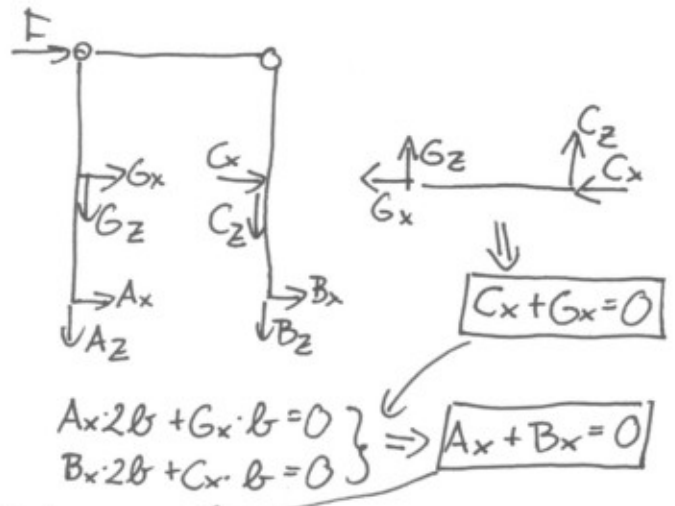
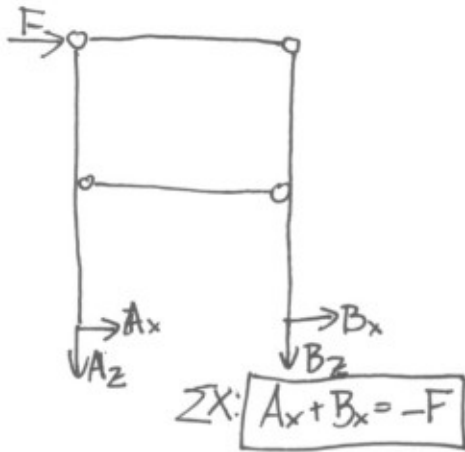
$$\textcircled{2} \begin{aligned} u_{B2} &= u_{D2} - b\varphi_{D2} \\ w_{B2} &= w_{D2} \\ \varphi_{B2} &= \varphi_{D2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{C2} &= u_{D2} - b\varphi_{D2} \\ w_{C2} &= w_{D2} - a\varphi_{D2} \\ \varphi_{C2} &= \varphi_{D2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \begin{aligned} u_{C3} &= u_{A3} - b\varphi_{A3} \\ w_{C3} &= w_{A3} - 2\varphi_{A3} \\ \varphi_{C3} &= \varphi_{A3} \end{aligned}$$

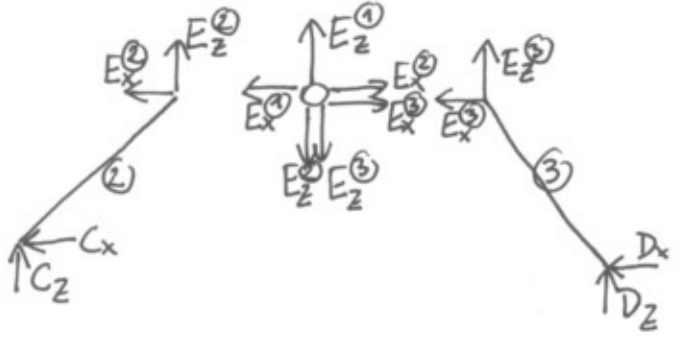
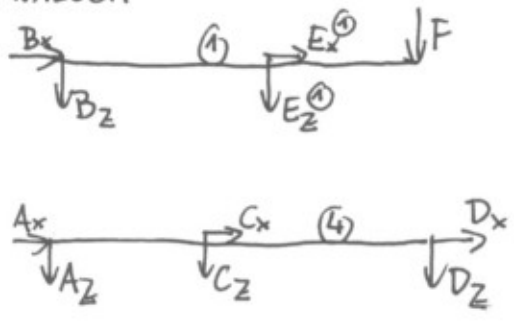
OSD 1. KAO KVU

3. NALOGA $\tilde{m}_{ps} = 3 \cdot 4 - 2 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 2 = 0$



PROTISLÓVJE \Rightarrow KONST. JE LABILNA

4. NALOGA



① $\sum M^E: B_z \cdot 2a - F \cdot a = 0$
 $B_z = \frac{F}{2} = 5 \text{ kN}$

CELOTNA KONST.
 $\sum Z: A_z + B_z + F = 0$
 $A_z = -\frac{3F}{2} = -15 \text{ kN}$

① $\sum Z: E_z^{(1)} + B_z + F = 0$
 $E_z^{(1)} = -\frac{3F}{2} = -15 \text{ kN}$

④ $\sum M_{AD}^D: A_z \cdot 3a + C_z \cdot 2a = 0$
 $C_z = \frac{9F}{4} = 22.5 \text{ kN}$

$\sum Z: A_z + C_z + D_z = 0$
 $D_z = -7.5 \text{ kN}$

② $\sum M_{CE}^E: -C_x \cdot a - C_z \cdot a = 0$
 $C_x = -22.5 \text{ kN}$

$\sum X: E_x^{(2)} = 22.5 \text{ kN}$
 $\sum Z: E_z^{(2)} = -22.5 \text{ kN}$

③ $\sum M^E: -D_x \cdot a + D_z \cdot a = 0$
 $D_x = -7.5 \text{ kN}$

$\sum X: -D_x - E_x^{(3)} = 0$
 $E_x^{(3)} = 7.5 \text{ kN}$
 $\sum Z: E_z^{(3)} = 7.5 \text{ kN}$

VEZ (E)
 $\sum X: -E_x^{(1)} + E_x^{(2)} + E_x^{(3)} = 0$
 $E_x^{(1)} = 30 \text{ kN}$

$\sum Z: -E_z^{(1)} + E_z^{(2)} + E_z^{(3)}$
 $= 15 - 22.5 + 7.5 = 0$

④ $\sum X: A_x = -C_x - D_x$
 $A_x = 30 \text{ kN}$

① $\sum X: B_x + E_x^{(1)} = 0$
 $B_x = -30 \text{ kN}$

(kontrola)